

# សម្លិសីន និចពិព័រសំនឹងអង្គុខាលើអនី៤

The 4th Cambodian Water Conference & Exhibition

#### WaterAid Cambodia's Experience in Promoting Accountability for Increasing Water Supply Services

Presented by:

Sina Mout, Program Officer

WaterAid Cambodia













**WaterAid** 



















#### Contents



- 1. Contexts
- 2. Objective of applying accountability
- 3. Key stakeholders
- 4. Accountability process
- 5. Key Achievements, challenges, and lessons learned
- 6. The way forward































#### Context





- Piloted 2 districts (Roleai Bire district and Toek Phose district) and 21 communes in Kg. Chhang with 4 targets group (private operators, community water supply group, communes, and districts)
- Selected 5 services for improving roles and responsibilities
- Selected core facilitators PDRD and PDSTI.
- Implementation Period: 12 months
- Individual scoring and services users scoring































### Objectives

- Strengthen the roles, duties, and responsibilities of the private water operator, authority, and the community on water supply services to improve the provision of services
- Increase the level of service satisfaction between the service provided by the authorities and the water supply service providers

































#### Why do we need to apply accountability tools for water supply and authority?

- Provide a feedback mechanism to increase access to better and quality and sustain water supply services
- Strengthen the roles and responsibilities of services users and duties barriers
- Integrates water supply services improvement plans to DIP and CIP.
- Increase meaningful participation and voice of marginalize people provide feedbacks and demands better services from services providers.



































# Stakeholders Engagement

PDRD

PIDSTI



















Marginalized Group









**PWO** 

CC





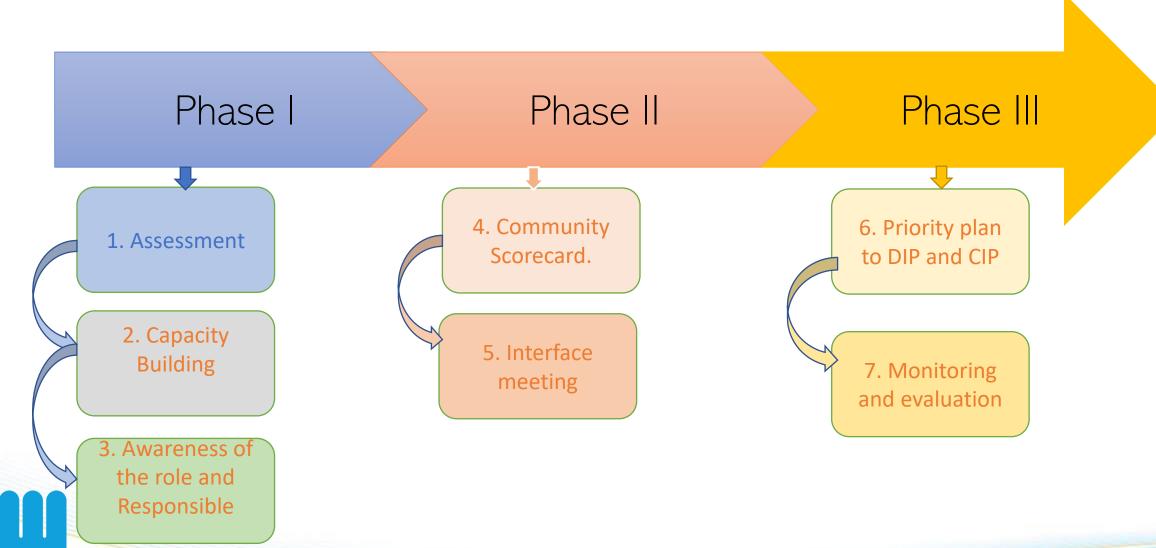








## Accountability tools process

































### **Key Achievements**

- Core facilitators, PWOs, and authorities improved their knowledge and skills.
- Strong collaborations between PDISTI, PDRD, Districts, and communes
- Giving opportunity to service provider and service receiver interface Provide feedback from the service receiver
- Water users group have abilities to identify key stakeholders to support when there are water services problems.
- PWO and community water supply group have improved water services, e.g increasing water quality testing, attending a monthly meeting with authorities...ect



























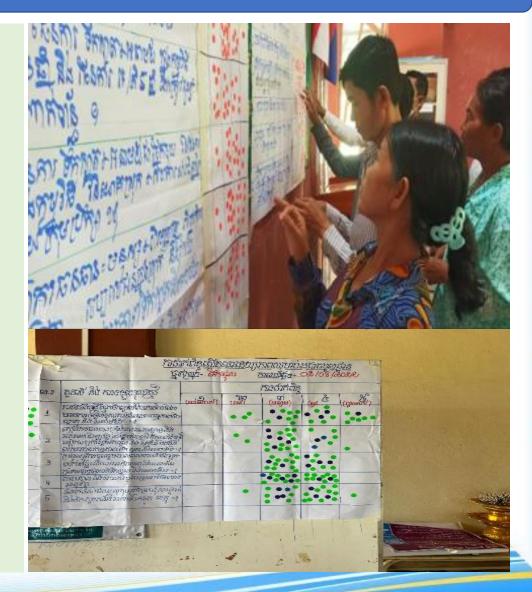






### **Key Achievements**

- Marginalize group provides feedback to improve water services as well as inputs priorities plans for water supply improvement plans with communes and districts
- All target communes (21 communes) are allocated their budget for improving water supply services.
- PWO is increasing more support to the marginalized household with at least 50% of pipe water connection
- Service providers and service receivers have clear role responsibilities.

































## Marginalized Case Study

Communities Increase Access to Better Services of Pipe Water Supply Through Accountability Mechanisms



Mrs.BunKhon said "Before I join with the Accountability in WASH project, I don't know whom should I inform or connect to raise my issue of pipe water that I connected, but after I join with the project, I know that if I face the issue on the service, I have to inform the commune authorities or directly inform and another service user also said about his understanding of his role as a service user after joining with accountability in the water supply project that "I never think that I have a responsibility in water supply service since it is the responsibility of PWOs. But after join accountability in water supply with WaterAid, I revealed that I also have a responsibility for the water supply as I am a user to provide the feedback to PWOs.

























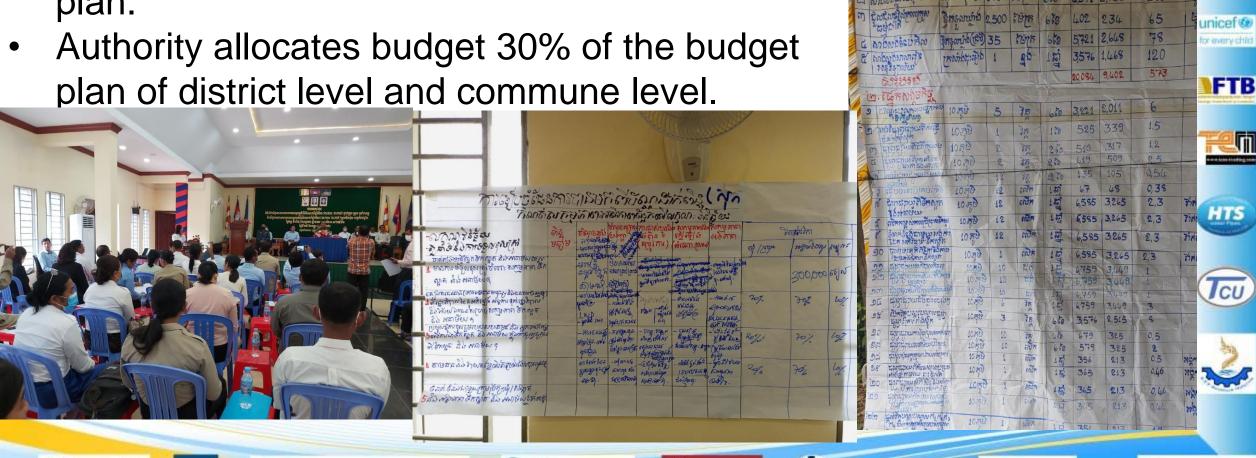






#### Budget allocation from Communes/Districts for Improving Water Supply.

- Increased (%) budget allocation in CIP.
- PWO provides a subsidy of 50% of the budget plan.



















**WaterAid** 

#### Lesson learn

- Inspired local authority and PWO to improve roles and responsibilities
- It required a field guide for the facilitators
- Requires flexible processes aligned with government prioritizations and time allocations.
- Core facilitators have to be patient and have high commitment
- Processes have helped service users clear understand the roles and responsibilities of service providers and opportunities to score their services.



















### Way Forward

 Monitor and follow up on authorities' priority plans, including CIP/DIP.

- Conduct provincial learning reflection on the accountabilities tool
- Scale up to SMC district, another district.
- Organize PWO and District Champions for Providing Good Water Quality and Services.
- Develop a field guide for core facilitators
- Strengthen data management of PWO and authorities
- Coordinate PWO and authority to provide subsidies to a marginalized group
- Integrate Accountability tools/processes in water supply services in related national policies and guidelines

































# Thank You!





Ms. Sina Mout: Program Officer

Email: sina.mout@wateraid.org.au Tel: 077

273398





























